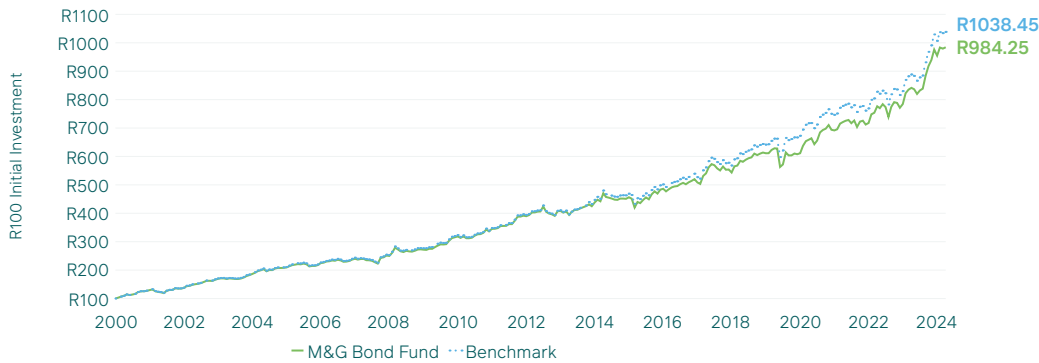


M&G Bond Fund

Income

January 2025

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



Annualised performance

	A class	Benchmark	B class
1 year	17.0%	16.9%	17.2%
3 years	10.9%	10.1%	11.1%
5 years	9.4%	9.4%	9.6%
7 years	8.9%	9.2%	9.1%
10 years	7.7%	8.0%	7.9%
20 years	8.3%	8.5%	8.6%
Since inception	9.9%	10.1%	-

Returns since inception¹

	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	29.6%	31 Oct 2001
Lowest annualised return	-6.5%	31 Jan 2016

Top issuers as at 31 Dec 2024

1. Republic of South Africa	100.0%
2. M&G High Interest Fund	1.9%

Risk measures

	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	7.6%	7.5%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-10.7%	-9.8%
% of positive rolling 12 months	94.3%	95.7%
Information ratio	1.4	n/a
Sortino ratio	0.7	0.5
Sharpe ratio	0.4	0.3

Asset allocation as at 31 Jan 2025



Investment options

	A Class	I Class	B Class
Minimum lump sum investment	R10 000	R10 000	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order	R500 pm	R500 pm	n/a

Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT)

	A Class	I Class	B Class
M&G	0.60%	0.75%	0.45%
Financial adviser service fee (if applicable) ²	n/a	0.15%	n/a

Expenses (incl. VAT)

	A Class	I Class	B Class
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.72%	0.89%	0.55%
Transaction Costs (TC) ³	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	0.73%	0.90%	0.56%

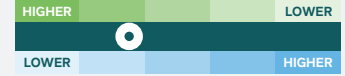
¹ 12-month rolling performance figure

² The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's annual management fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.

³ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).

Risk profile

◀ Risk of not earning meaningful inflation-beating returns over the long-term



Variability of returns over the short-term ▶

Fund facts

Fund objective

To maximise income while securing steady capital growth. This is achieved by investing in a diversified portfolio of bonds in the South African market.

Investor profile

Individuals that require a high level of income from their capital investment with relatively low risk. The recommended investment horizon is 1-3 years, or longer when used as strategic exposure to the asset class.

Investment mandate

The Fund invests in a combination of government, semi-government and corporate bonds, and other interest-bearing securities. No duration constraints apply. The Fund is managed to comply with regulations governing retirement fund investments (Regulation 28).

Fund managers

Roshen Harry
René Prinsloo

ASISA category

South African - Interest Bearing - Variable Term

Benchmark

FTSE/JSE All Bond Index

Inception date

27 October 2000

Fund size

R1 053 114 724

M&G Bond Fund

Income

January 2025

Income Distributions⁴

	A Class		B Class	
	Total	12m yield	Total	12m yield
31 December 2024	2.20 cpu	8.04%	2.25 cpu	8.20%
30 September 2024	3.53 cpu	8.15%	3.57 cpu	8.30%
30 June 2024	1.94 cpu	8.94%	1.99 cpu	9.11%
31 March 2024	2.98 cpu	9.11%	3.02 cpu	9.29%

Fund commentary

It was a strong start to the year for global equities, with stock markets in Europe, the UK and some in Latin America performing particularly well. Meanwhile, the performance of developed market sovereign bonds was mixed; while UK gilts and US Treasuries posted positive total returns, German bunds lost value. Key themes shaping markets included US trade policies, inflation concerns, central bank actions, as well as developments in geopolitics and artificial intelligence (AI). Market volatility was sparked by US politics and potential policy changes. Trump's second term has had a tumultuous start, with markets moving as participants try to assess the impact of regulations on asset prices. Trade policy discussions, particularly around tariffs, fuelled concerns about global inflation and triggered a sharp rise in global bond yields. A ceasefire deal between Gaza and Israel in the latter half of the month improved sentiment and contributed to a rebound in global bond markets.

US Treasuries sold off early in the month on inflation worries and stronger-than-expected non-farm payrolls data for December. UK 10-year gilt yields hit their highest level since the Global Financial Crisis, as investors worried about the country's economic outlook and the scale of its borrowing requirements. However, both markets later recovered thanks to lower-than-expected inflation readings in the US and UK. In the US, core inflation fell unexpectedly to 3.2% in December from 3.3% in the month before. On the local front, the SARB cut the repo rate by 25 basis points to 7.5%, a move that was widely anticipated. SA headline inflation rose slightly to 3.0% y/y in December, below the Bloomberg consensus forecast of 3.2%. In January, the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index delivered 0.4%, inflation-linked bonds (the Composite ILB Index) posted -0.3%, and cash as measured by the STeFi Composite Index returned 0.7%.

The fund has returned 17.0% over the past 12 months, compared to 16.9% delivered by the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index over the same period.

Glossary

12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Regulation 28	The South African retirement fund industry is governed by the Pension Funds Act, No 24 of 1956. Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act prescribes the maximum limits in asset classes that an approved retirement fund may invest in.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Unit Classes	M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts. F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.

⁴ If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).

Contact us

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Application forms

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

Disclaimer

MandG Investments Unit Trusts (South Africa) (RF) Ltd (Registration number: 1999/0524/06) is an approved CISC management company (#29). Assets are managed by MandG Investment Managers (Pty) Ltd, which is an approved discretionary Financial Services Provider (#45199). The Trustee/Custodian details are: Standard Bank of South Africa limited – Trustees Services & Investor Services, 20th Floor, Main Tower, Standard Bank Centre, Heerengracht, Cape Town.

Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fee, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees is available on our website. One can also obtain additional information on M&G products on the M&G website. The Fund may hold foreign securities including foreign CIS funds. As a result, the fund may face material risks. The volatility of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities and to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Further, the return on the security may be affected (positively or negatively) by the difference in tax regimes between the domestic and foreign tax jurisdictions. The availability of market information and information on any underlying sub-funds may be delayed. The Manager may, at its discretion, close your chosen unit trust fund to new investors and additional investments by existing investors to make sure that it is managed in accordance with its mandate. It may also stop your existing debit order investment. The Manager makes no guarantees as to the capital invested in the fund or the returns of the fund. Excessive withdrawals from the fund may place the fund under liquidity pressure and, in certain circumstances, a process of ring fencing withdrawal instructions may be followed. Fund prices are published daily on the M&G website. These are also available upon request. The performance is calculated for the portfolio. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. Purchase and repurchase requests must be received by the Manager by 13h30 (11h30 for the Money Market Fund) SA time each business day. All online purchase and repurchase transactions must be received by the Manager by 10h30 (for all Funds) SA time each business day.